

Meeting of the SWG SCAR AKIS
Strategic Working Group on Agricultural
Knowledge and Innovation Systems

Social Innovation in the AKIS

24 November 2021 - Member State: Hungary



A) Context & Need 1.

We recognized and acknowledged social innovation in Hungary as a real need in agriculture, forestry and rural development.

- Social innovation is receiving increasing attention in the professional literature, the public life and the rural development practice, too.
- But it still doesn't get the attention it needs! In Hungary social innovation is needed...
- not only in the poorest settlements on the periphery,
- but in the **whole rural area**.

B) Existing good practice for fostering social innovation 1.

- We can identify existing good practices for the <u>fostering</u> of social innovation in Hungary.
- What are these existing good practices? How are they supported? Who is implementing them?
- Let's see...



Good practices I. - bottom up

• Social farm for the disabled people in Baráthegyi Majorság (Miskolc,

Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén County)







 "traditiovation" - reviving folk art traditions in Hövej (Győr-Moson-Sopron County)





Good practices II. CAP (Leader)

Good examples from LEADER I.

- LEADER local action group: a community-developed tour network using innovative tools in Balaton Felvidék
- LEADER Music Court cooperation: local government and non-governmental organizations - organization of classical music programs





Good practices II. CAP (Leader)

Good examples from LEADER II.

- Construction of a "swallow house" in Nagymaros: Property owned by the local government has been renovated, with a special focus on the use of environmentally friendly technologies and materials, environmental awareness and sustainability for young people who would like to go to the area and rent an apartment.
- Local vegetable and fish producing, sustainable aquaponic greenhouse heated with renewable energy

Good practices III. - CAP (EIP-Agri)

Good examples of social innovation among EIP-AGRI projects

- Development of smallscale poultry farming and processing processes
 - Cooperation: 2 farmers + 2 young farmers + 1 advisor + 1 research institute
- Buy this and eat this!
 - 3 farmers + 1 food processor + 2 researchers + 1 research institute
- Increasing the efficiency and added value of supply chains
 - 1 farmers' organisation + 4 farmers + 1 advisor + 1 research institute



Good practices IV. – Cohesion fund (TAMOP)

 "Bioszentandrás": establishing community-based organic horticulture and selling products through short supply chains in Hernádszentandrás (Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén County)







Good practices IV. – Cohesion fund (TAMOP)

- In the project called "Generation of social innovation in Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén County":
 - Research, for example:
 - take-holder and network analysis of regional social innovations, compilation of opportunity maps;
 - building center-periphery network connections;
 - issues of establishment and operation of social enterprises



Trainings

- Local Academy of Social Innovation
- 30-hour short courses combined with distance learning (local employment development; local tourism development; development of social enterprises)



Good practices IV. – Cohesion fund (TAMOP)

- In the project called "Generation of social innovation in Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén County":
 - Social innovation circles to be established and social innovations to be developed:
 - Local economic development (employment, local product, social enterprises)
 - Regional identity building (attracting young people, tourism, community development)
 - Regional integration (SMART settlements, networks, communication, clusters)
 - Their actions to involve young people:
 - Organizing case competitions on topics related to social innovation for university students
 - Organization of Periphery Summer University
 - A competition for high school students to strengthen their regional identity and social commitment

Good practices V. - R&I national funding

National Laboratory for Social Innovation (TINLAB) from 2020 - cooperation: three universities and a civil organisation

Tasks, research and innovation activities:

- 1. development and introduction of a unified conceptual framework, creating the legal framework
- 2. developing social innovation models and guidelines
- 3. identification of areas of social innovation, working out development tools
- 4. establishing the necessary coherence with regard to tender structures and international connections, developing the concept of a national framework to support social innovation
- 5. identifying tools to respond to international and global trends
- 6. research, development, innovation, education

tinlab

Good practices V. - R&I national funding

National Laboratory for Social Innovation (TINLAB)

The field of **social innovation** was covered by 8 topics:

- 1. the social effects of digitization
- 2. cultural innovation and the creative industries
- 3. local developments, governance
- 4. environmental social innovations, climate
- 5. social welfare
- 6. human systems (social and educational care system, health care)
- 7. future of work, future economy
- 8. social innovation management











6. To what extent have these existing good practices for fostering social innovation been supported to-date by the CAP (notably rural development measures)? Generational renewal:

- New law proposed: special contract to ease the cooperation based transition of farms from the older to the younger generation
- CAP 3 measures planned: startup businesses, funding of young farmers taking over, cooperation measure to incentivise the older farmer. Budget is planned to increase considerably (~3 times)

Rural cooperation, Leader, AKIS measures:

• Existing CAP measures planned to be strengthened with increased budget and a new cooperation measure planned for social enterprises agricultural related activities.

Hungarian Risk Management Systems (HARMS):

- 4 pillars, most advanced risk management system in Europe
- First country to implement income stabilisation tool in 2021 (160 farmers in the first year)
- Existing 3 CAP measures planned to be continued (supported insurance, income stabilisation tool, anti-hail system development

7. Is the SWOT mentioning social aspects that need to be tackled?

SWOT mentioning social aspects that need to be tackled, for example:

- elderly farmer society
- lack of young farmers
- difference between the mindsets of generations
- slow generational renewal
- cooperation problems
- fostering social inclusion in rural areas

8. Is the need for <u>fostering</u> social innovation identified in your draft CAP Strategic Plan?

There are needs for <u>fostering</u> social innovation identified in our draft CAP Strategic Plan.

- But **sporadically** and typically **indirectly** (1-4):
 - 1. SO6: **Social attitude** building towards climate change, biodiversity and ecosystem services are growing.
 - 2. CCO: Innovation currently plays the least role in
 - mitigating the effects of climate change and adaptation to it;
 - conservation of biodiversity;
 - fostering sustainable forest management; and
 - evoking positive social change.

8. Is the need for <u>fostering</u> social innovation identified in your draft CAP Strategic Plan?

- 3. Opportunity in CCO: Implementing strategies to improve secondary and higher education can
 - improve the quality of education
 - ensure among other things:
 - closer cooperation with educational gardens and educational workshops,
 - training for professionals open to innovation,
 - the transformation of dual training and
 - submitting new scholarship applications.
- 4. SO9 related need:
 - expanding the knowledge of farmers:
 - strengthening modern management knowledge,
 - practice-oriented knowledge transfer on, inter alia, social and environmental challenges.

8. Is the need for <u>fostering</u> social innovation identified in your draft CAP Strategic Plan?

5. SO8 needs related to social innovation:

- Improving the distribution of income and living standards in rural areas, reducing regional and intra-territorial disparities
- Supporting local cooperation in rural areas
- Improving the quality of local infrastructure and services
- Promoting social inclusion and catching up in rural areas

C) Strengthening the AKIS for social innovation 5.

Need for <u>fostering</u> social innovation has been identified and it is addressed in our AKIS interventions and the CAP network.

Elements of the CAP Network:

- a) KNOWLEDGE EIP & AKIS support unit
- b) RURAL Rural and regional development support unit
- c) GREEN Environmental and climate challenges support unit

AKIS interventions:

- 1. Training and demonstration
- 2. Farm information system
- 3. Farm advisory services
- 4. Supporting the European Innovation Partnership (EIP)

Discussion:

All comments, questions and suggestions very welcome!





Thank you for your attention!
and for your active participation and commitment!

