



Meeting of the SWG SCAR AKIS Strategic Working Group on Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems

Agroforestry Innovation Networks. AFINET

Webinar 02/06/21

Member State AFINET Coordinator: Spain

SCAR
Standing Committee
on Agricultural Research



www.agroforestry.net.eu // www.eurafagroforestry.eu/afinet/

AGROFORESTRY INNOVATION NETWORKS

INNOVATION AND AGROFORESTRY

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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 727872.



Agroforestry



What's
agroforestry?



Why apply
agroforestry



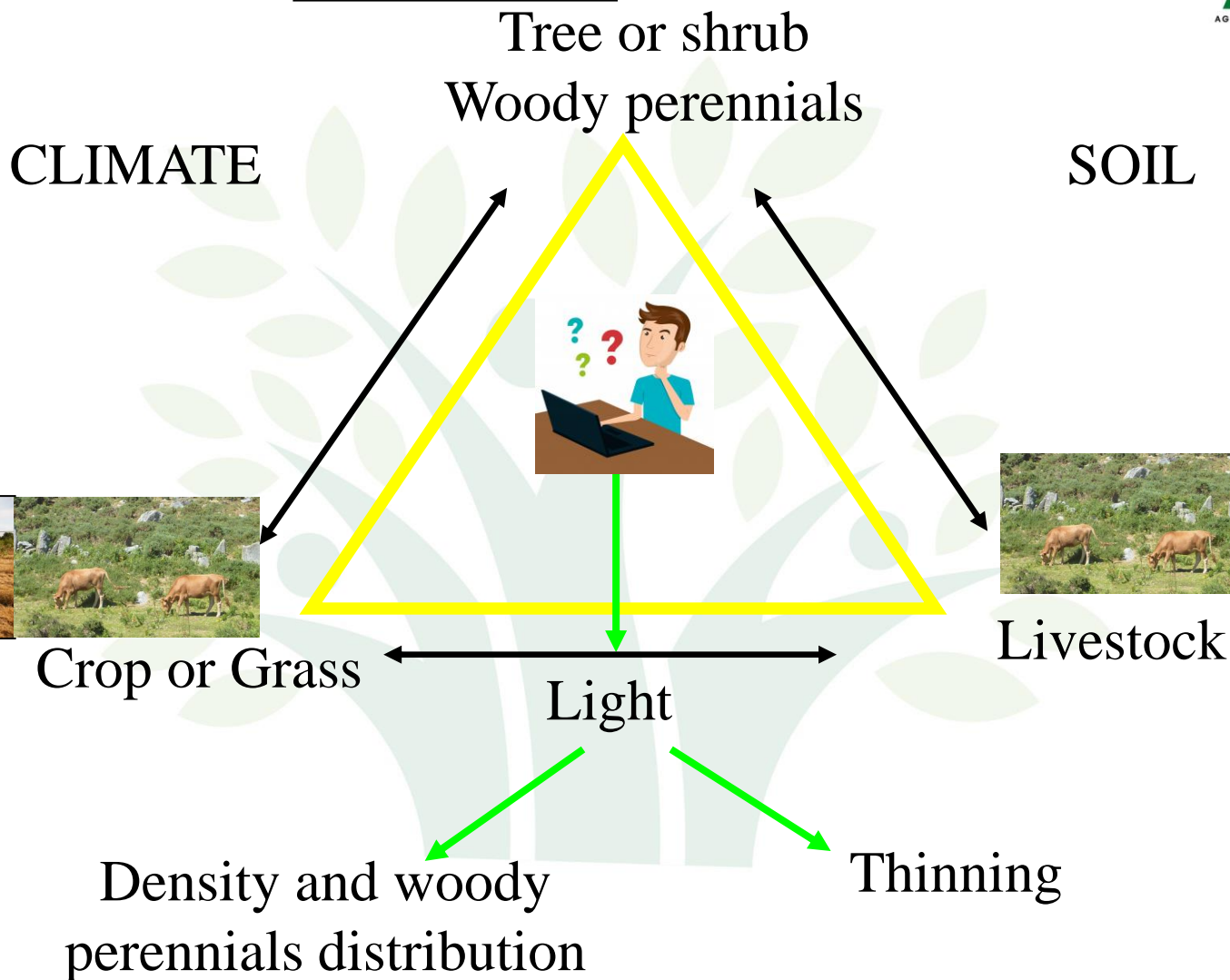
How to foster
agroforestry?

Agroforestry



**What's
agroforestry?**

An agroecology practice!



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Agroforestry



**Why apply
agroforestry**

Sustainable land use (FAO)

Climate Smart Agriculture

Income

Mitigation

Adaptation



European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 727872.

WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

Sustainable land use (FAO)

Climate Smart Agriculture

Income

Mitigation
Adaptation

Farmers income

a) Multiple products from land

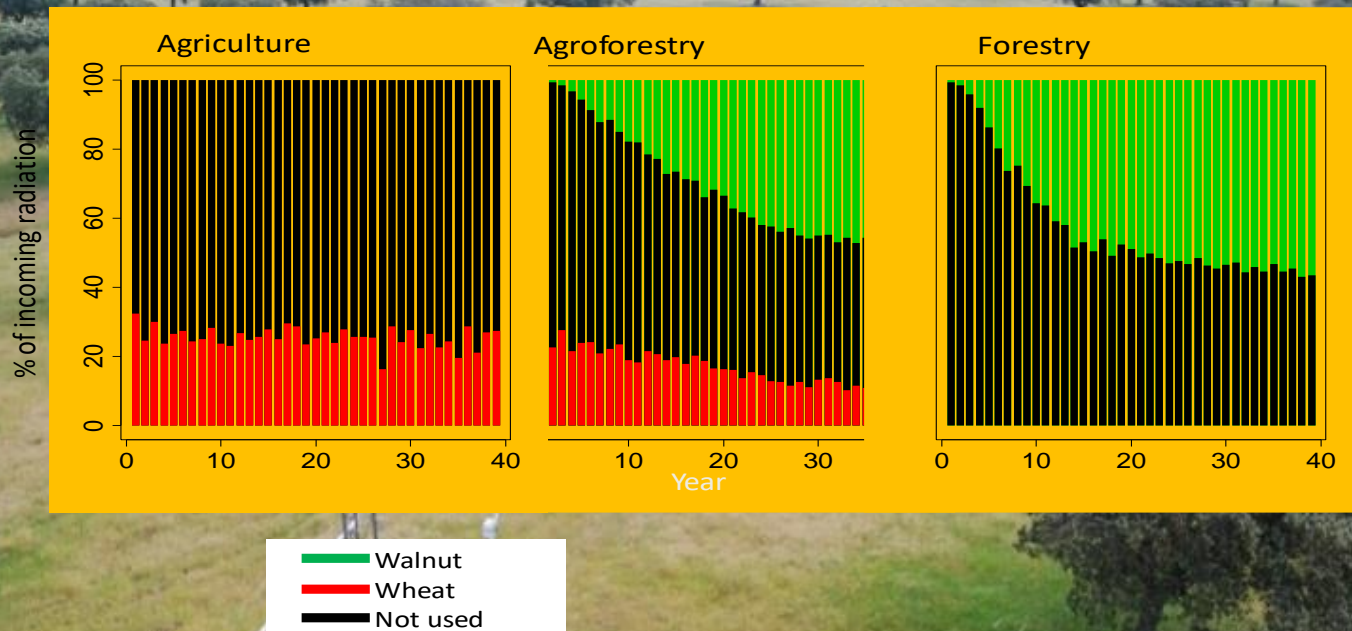
Tree: timber, bioeconomy
Understory

b) Extending growing season

Crops

Grasslands

ECOINTENSIFICATION



**40% increase
(20-80%)**



Sustainable land use (FAO)

Climate Smart Agriculture

Income

Mitigation
Adaptation



Farmers income

a) Multiple products from land

Tree: timber, bioeconomy
Understory

b) Extending growing season

Crops
Grasslands

ASSOCIATION CLOVER + SHRUBS

WINTER



SUMMER



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WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

SHEEP CARRIED TO ALPS FROM MEDITERRANEAN AREAS



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WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

Sustainable
land use
(FAO)

Climate Smart
Agriculture

Income
Mitigation
Adaptation

Mitigation

- a) **Increasing nutrient efficiency**
- b) Increasing soil C sequestration
- c) Reducing forest fires



RIVERS



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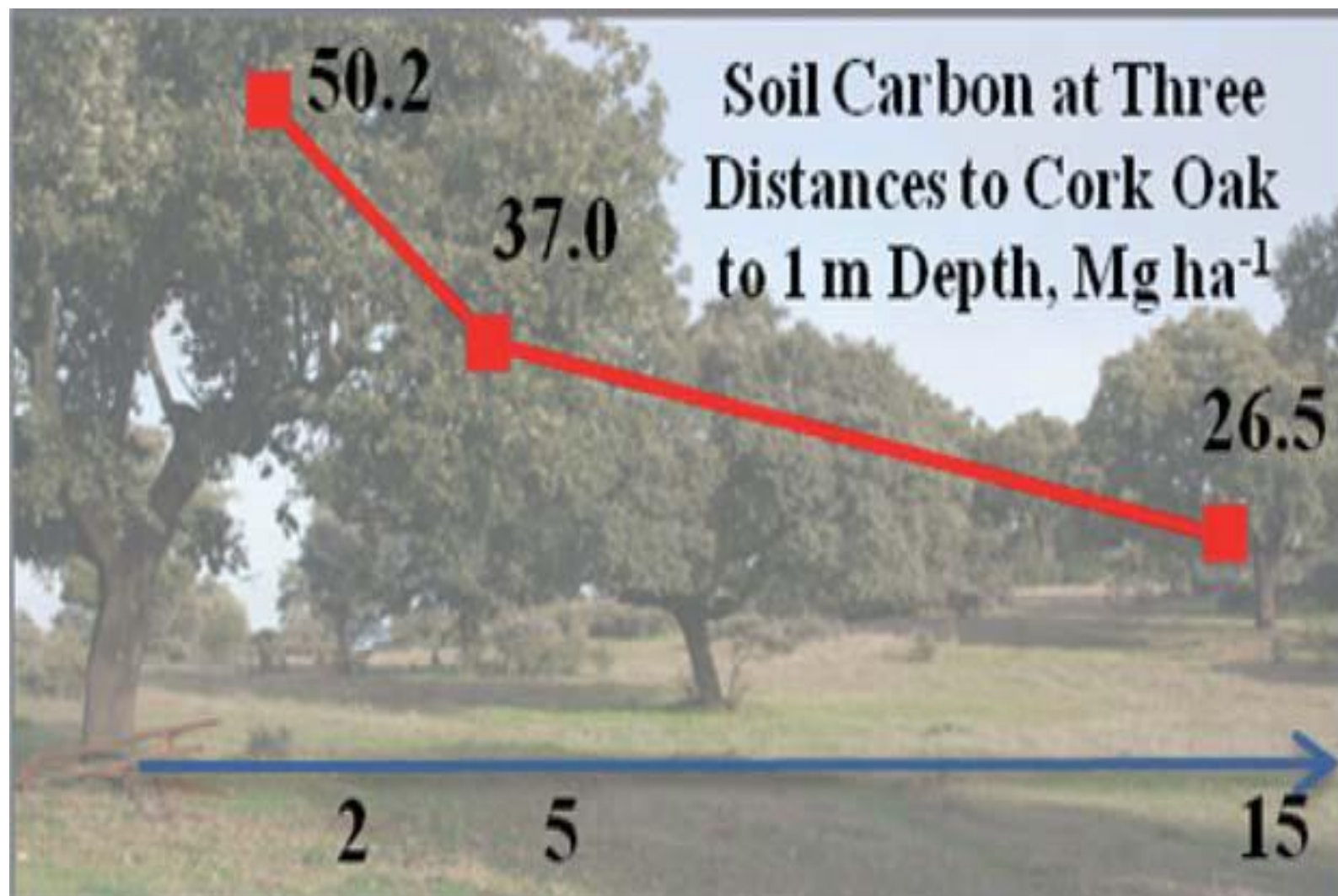
Sustainable
land use
(FAO)

Climate Smart
Agriculture

Income
Mitigation
Adaptation

Mitigation

- a) Increasing nutrient efficiency
- b) Increasing soil C sequestration**
- c) Reducing forest fires



Sustainable
land use
(FAO)

Climate Smart
Agriculture

Income
Mitigation
Adaptation

Mitigation

- a) Increasing nutrient efficiency
- b) Increasing soil C sequestration
- c) Reducing forest fires



Forest fire risks reduction

Sustainable
land use
(FAO)

Climate Smart
Agriculture

Income
Mitigation
Adaptation

a) Market

b) Weather

Changing environment
Extreme events

Sustainable
land use
(FAO)

Climate Smart
Agriculture

Income
Mitigation
Adaptation

a) Market

b) Weather

Changing environment
Extreme events

MARKET RESILIENCE: MULTIPLE PRODUCTS



CLIMATE RESILIENCE: EXTENDING GROWING SEASON





↓↓↓ Extreme heats impact

↓↓↓ Pesticide needs

Agroforestry



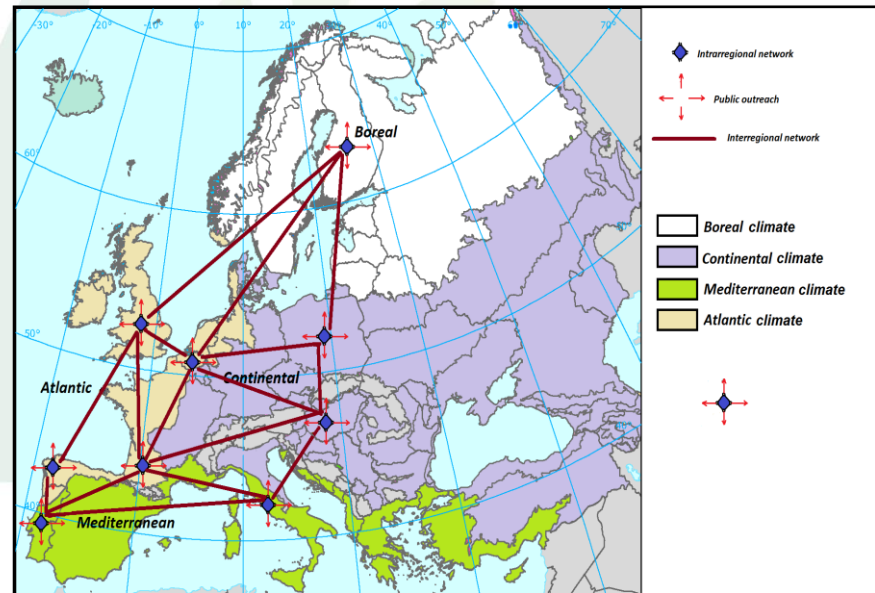
**How to foster
agroforestry?**

AFINET



AFINET Agroforestry Innovation Network

2 Million Euros



European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 727872.

WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

- ✓ AFINET has 9 Regional Agroforestry Innovation Networks (RAINs) across Europe
- ✓ 400 actors met every six months (total 1491)

First Rain Meeting



Which are the main challenges to foster agroforestry in Europe?

Second Rain Meeting



Solutions to the challenges were discussed and a provisional list of innovations was produced

Third Rain Meeting



Validation of the innovations list

Fourth Rain Meeting



Establishment of synergies

Fifth RAIN Meeting

The dissemination materials produced were presented

AFINET 96 Innovations

**Technical
Economic
Education
Policy**

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WHAT'S AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

AFINET Innovations Technical Economic Education Policy

Component combinations



How

Best mixtures

When

Tree age and shade

Where

Local adaptation

SOLUTION:

MORE RESEARCH AND INNOVATION DEVELOPMENT

Regional, National, international
Operational Groups

CAP PROMOTION

European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 727872.

- Knowledge cloud linked to Openaire

<http://www.eurafagroforestry.eu/afinet/knowledge-cloud/search>

- Alive handbook

<http://agroforestry.net.eu/>

Please Contribute!



AFINET

Innovations

Technical

Economic

Education

Policy

Economic

Alternative evaluation

organic AF

conventional AF



Bioeconomy development

New products

Labelling

New market types

Infrastructure

Business environment

SOLUTION: INNOVATION DEVELOPMENT

Business Plans

Infrastructure creation

Cooperatives development

CAP PROMOTION

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WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

AFINET Innovations Technical Economic Education Policy

Education



SOLUTION: INNOVATION FOSTERING

Extension services Practice- Research Networks (TN)

Operational groups Living labs

Consumers education Demos

CAP PROMOTION & AKIS DEVELOPMENT

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WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

AFINET

Innovations

Technical
Economic
Education
Policy

Internal origin
(attributes of the organization)

Helpful
to achieving the objective

Strengths
Income
Environment
Social

Harmful
to achieving the objective

Weaknesses
Complexity
Knowledge
Infraestructure

External origin
(attributes of the environment)

Opportunities
Ecointensification
Mitigation
Adaptation
Biodiversity
Water quality
Animal welfare

Theats
Lack of
Market
AKIS development
Extension services
Infraestructures
Policies

WHAT's AF?

WHY AF?

HOW implement AF?

AFINET

Premise

Agroforestry should be strongly supported by the CAP because

*sustainable land management option that delivers

market and
non-market goods and
services

that address

UN Global societal goals.

Governments need to develop
policies and

actions that foster agroforestry
within an EU policy framework.

AFINET

Recommendation

1

Monitoring Definition

Agroforestry is *“the deliberate integration of woody vegetation (trees and/or shrubs) as an upper storey on land, with pasture (consumed by animals) or an agricultural crop in the lower storey.*

WOODY:

*Evenly or unevenly distributed
Borders inside plots*

AFINET






Recommendation

2

Definition



Table 2. Spatial agroforestry practices in Europe

| Agroforestry practice | Description | |
|--|---|---|
| Silvopasture |  | Combining woody with forage and animal production. It comprises forest or woodland grazing and pastoral land with hedgerows, copses, isolated/scattered trees or trees in lines or belts. |
| Silvoarable |  | Widely spaced woody vegetation intercropped with annual or perennial crops. Also known as alley cropping. Trees/shrubs can be distributed following an alley cropping, copses, isolated/scattered trees, hedges and line belts design. |
| Hedgerows, windbreaks and riparian buffer strips |  | Lines of natural or planted perennial vegetation (trees/shrubs) bordering croplands/pastures to protect livestock, crops, and/or soil and water quality. They can be combined with arable lands (silvoarable) or grasslands (silvopasture). |
| Forest farming |  | Forested areas used for production or harvest of natural standing speciality crops for medicinal, ornamental or culinary uses, including those integrating forest and agricultural lands. |
| Homegardens or kitchen gardens |  | Combining trees/shrubs with vegetable production in urban areas |

| Land use and agroforestry practice | | Examples | Brief examples and descriptions |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| AGRICULTURE | Silvopasture | Wood pasture and parkland | Typically areas used for forage and animal production that includes non-agricultural trees and shrubs. |
| | | Meadow orchards | Typically areas of agricultural trees and shrubs (e.g. fruit orchards, olive groves, vineyards) which are grazed. |
| | Hedgerows, windbreaks and riparian buffer strips | Hedgerows, windbreaks and riparian buffer strips | Here the woody components are planted to provide shelter, shade, or parcel demarcation to a crop and/or livestock production system. Riparian buffer strips are typically created to protect water quality and can be silvopasture or silvoarable. |
| | Silvoarable | Alley-cropping systems | Widely spaced woody perennials inter-cropped with annual or perennial crops. As the tree canopy develops, the crops may be replaced with a grass understorey. |

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Recommendation

2

**Monitoring
Categorization**

AFINET

Recommendation

3

Woody vegetation promotion and preservation linked to **landscape features policies** associated with Pillar I and Pillar II payments should be simplified and objectives should be clearly stated, and the administrative burden reduced.

Monitoring
Coherence and burden reduction
Landscape features

AFINET

Recommendation

4

Monitoring:

**Agroforestry Management plan
and agroforestry option
in the CAP payment system**

FULLY ELIGIBILITY:

Arable and Permanent Grassland

AF in Arable and permanent grassland fully eligible if

- i) a “**management plan**” including a minimum tree density (to be selected by member states), an initial and final tree density, and the pursuit of a final maximum tree density
- ii) ‘**agroforestry option**’ should be implemented in all three categories of land use (i.e. arable land, permanent grassland and permanent crops).

Permanent crops

Promotion

AFINET

Recommendation

5

Monitoring:

Identification of AF in arable lands

Payment for results

ARABLE LANDS

Fully eligible for direct payments

- a) Minimum and maximum tree density if needed selected by member states different from young and mature woody perennials
- b) Recognition of Ecosystem Services

AFINET

Recommendation

6

**Monitoring:
Identification of AF in
Permanent Grasslands
Payment for results**

PERMANENT GRASSLAND **Fully eligible for direct payments**

- a) Minimum and maximum tree density if needed selected by member states
- b) Use of woody perennials as feed to reduce farm production costs
- c) Recognition of Ecosystem Services

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Recommendation

7

Monitoring:

**Identification of AF in
Permanent Crops**

Payment for results

Double payment per product

PERMANENT CROPS

Already fully eligible for direct payments

- a) Implement Silvopasture
- b) Implement Silvoarable
- c) Double payments based on each product

AGROFORESTRY



Should be part of:

a) Greening as such

b) Ecoschemes

Agroforestry including

- Establishment and maintenance of landscape features above conditionality (Climate change mitigation, Water protection, Soil degradation, biodiversity protection)
- Management and cutting plan of landscape features (biodiversity protection, Pesticides use reduction)
- Establishment and maintenance of high-biodiversity silvopastoral systems

HNV

- Shepherding on open spaces and between permanent crops, transhumance and common grazing (climate change adaptation, soil degradation prevention, biodiversity protection, Pesticides use reduction, Animal welfare)

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Recommendation

8

**Recognition:
Ecoschemes**

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Recommendation

9

**Monitoring and control:
Establishing in Arable, PG and PC
Remaining Pillar I direct payments**

PILLAR II

Identification:

- a) Silvopasture
- b) Silvoarable,
- c) Riparian buffer strips
- d) Forestry
- e) Homegardens

Arable, PG, and PC should be fully eligible for Pillar I direct payments

AFINET

Recommendation

10

**Rewards in Arable lands:
Establishment
Management**



PILLAR II: AGRICULTURAL LANDS

- i) establishment of agroforestry on agricultural land including maintenance payments similar to that of afforested/reforested lands and
- ii) improved management and recovery of already existing agroforestry lands.

**Fully eligible
Management plans**

AFINET

Recommendation

11

Rewards in Forest lands:
Establishment
Management

PILLAR II: FOREST LANDS

- a) **Establishment and maintenance** of forest farming and forest grazing (if not included as Established Local Practices).
- b) Support **management improvement** of forest farming and forest grazing of existing agroforestry areas.

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Recommendation

12

Rewards :

Farmers networking
(peer to peer learning)
at
landscape/farm level

Co-operation measures for sustainable landscapes

a) **co-operation** measures which allow the benefits of AF to be recognised at landscape.

b) **Facilitating co-operation** among farmers within a catchment including linking landscape biodiversity of habitats.

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Recommendation

13

Co-operation measures for value chains

- a) Support co-operation measures value chain for selling products
- b) Between agricultural and forestry sectors fostering the circular economy.

Rewards in Forest lands:
Establishment
Management

AFINET

Recommendation

14

AKIS development

1.- Extension service provision

2.- EIP-Agri activities

Agroforestry is knowledge intensive, and so needs to be supported through:

- a) excellent well-trained and independent extension service providers.
- b) Activities related to EIP-Agri, extension services, knowledge co-creation should be promoted under relevant Pillar II measures.

AFINET

GLOBAL Recommendation



A **European Agroforestry Strategy** should be designed to foster agroforestry in Europe. Such a strategy should include aspects related to current promotion, education, innovation and research on agroforestry at a European level, and provide guidance for national agroforestry strategies.

WHERE?

< 10% Grasslands

<0.01% Arable lands

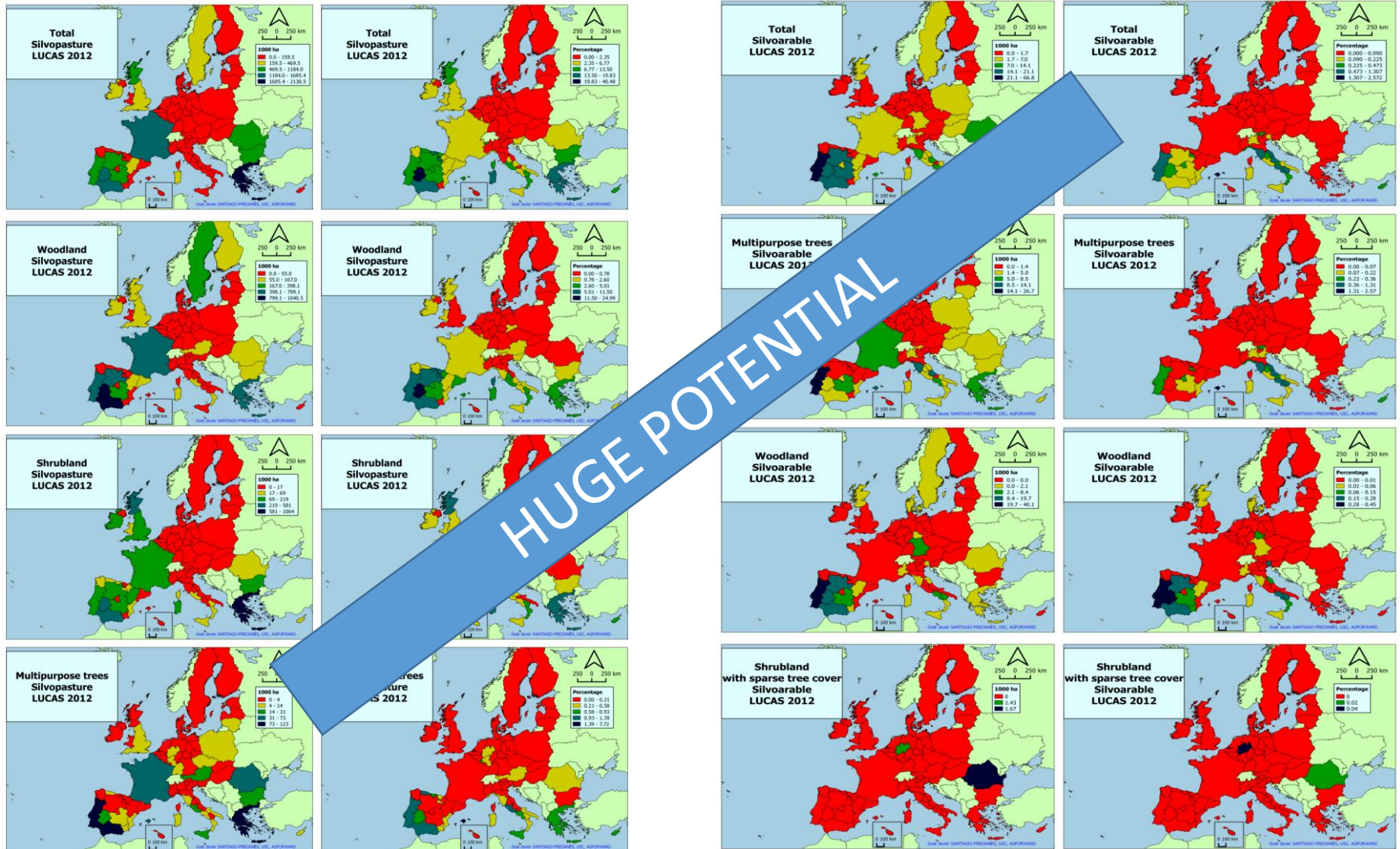


Figure 1. Area (left) and proportion (right) of European land use associated with all silvopasture, woodland silvopasture, shrubland silvopasture, and silvopasture with multi-purpose trees

Figure 1. Silvoarable practices linked to permanent crops (top), woodland (medium) and shrubland with sparse tree cover expressed as percentage (left) and hectares (right) per region in Europe

CLIMATE CHANGE

Dr. Stephen Hammer



INNOVATION IS THE SOLUTION



BIG THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



SoE KKK
Non-profit Ltd.



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AGRONOMIA
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ILVO
Instituut voor Landbouw-
en Visserijonderzoek



Consiglio Nazionale
delle Ricerche

inagro
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What is next?

- AE4EU Policy WP leadership:



University of Santiago de Compostela

Please contribute!



Thank you for your attention!
and for your active
participation and
commitment!

Report available at:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/news/knowledge-and-innovation-unlocking-potential-food-and-farming-2019-sep-26_en (more paper copies can be asked to Inge.Van-Oost@ec.europa.eu)

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